**ISSUE NO. 8** 

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WORLDWIDE NETWORK



## Pakistan Consumer Confidence Index (CCI)

Results of Q4 2021 Survey Report

Consumer Sentiments are volatile and shaped largely by consumer's perception of economic performance. The Consumer Confidence Index (CCI Index) is a globally recognized instrument that serves as a leading indicator for household consumption and saving, which plays a pivotal role in the overall economic activity.

D&B and Gallup's quarterly publication aims to bring businesses and policy makers closer to understanding this crucial link. The CCI can aide multiple stakeholders such as the government, businesses, and financial institutions to strengthen their understanding of the market, and thereby aid in the process of decision making.

*Key highlights of change in Consumer Sentiments across Pakistan from Q3 2021 to Q4 2021 24<sup>th</sup> February 2022* 



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World's leading data & analytics company with global footprint across 200+ cities

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Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International, is a leading survey research agency and an emerging Social Science Research Lab in Pakistan. Gallup Pakistan is a specialist in independent third-party evaluation and ratings.

#### **D&B** Consulting **Behavioral and Attitudinal Studies** D&B - Solutions & **Gallup Pakistan -**Sales & Marketing Solutions **Services Services** Impact Assessment Surveys **Credit Bureau Solutions Third Party Evaluations Compliance Solutions** Gallup Pakistan is operating in D&B was established in 1841 and has the world's largest Pakistan since 1980, thus **Management Consulting Financial Technology Solutions** business database, comprising bringing in more than 40 years of over 400+ Million company of professional experience. Market Exploration & records. D&B has 5 service Gallup Pakistan offers its **Assessment Studies** lines in the region for its clients expertise in 6 fields of social and market research. **Market Research Studies** Gallup Pakistan -**Financial Inclusion Research D&B** Consulting Strategy & Planning Advisory Programmes Media Research **Market & Industry Research Economic Analysis Operations & Performance ICT & Telecom Research** Group Improvement **Economic Analysis Healthcare Research** With decades of experience in the field of public polling and **Behavioral Science Lab** market research, Gallup Pakistan is currently leading 7 programs Highly talented & experienced practitioners **Gallup History Project** from financial inclusion to media Access to D&B global network & information database research and behavioural Network of industry and functional experts mapping. Social and Political Research Proven methodologies and client-centric approach

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### Acknowledgements

The Consumer Confidence Index (CCI) is a closely monitored quarterly publication and features prominently across media networks and leading news outlets.

















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Consumer Confidence Index (CCI), prepared by D&B Pakistan and Gallup Pakistan, is a closely monitored quarterly publication and features prominently across media networks and leading news outlets including DAWN, Business Recorder and Daily Times.



The Consumer Confidence Index (CCI) is a survey that measures consumer optimism about the country's economic condition, their household financial situation, job prospects, and personal finances.

The survey captures consumers' response related to the Current Situation as well as their Future Expectations.

We expect this report to be useful for Government entities, as well as private organizations to strengthen their understanding of consumers across Pakistan and help in developing effective strategies and policies.

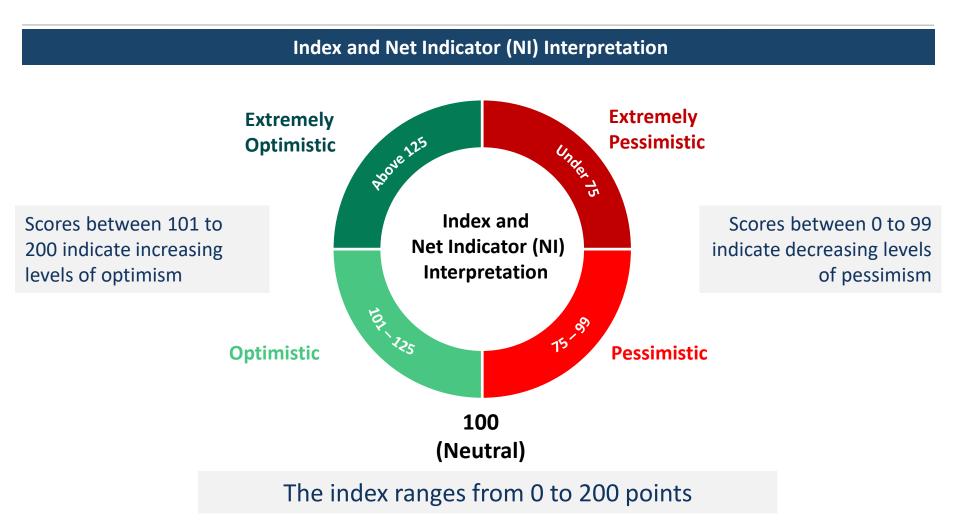
The CCI report is a quarterly publication from Dun & Bradstreet Pakistan, and Gallup Pakistan.

This report compares Consumer Confidence in Q4 2021 vis-à-vis Consumer Confidence in Q3 2021 (Q-o-Q comparison).

For more information on past CCI publications please visit: D&B Pakistan Knowledge Capital



The Index and Net Indicator (NI) scores are used in the report to indicate the level of Optimism or Pessimism with respect to specific questions, or as a composite Index



*Note: Please refer to pages 26 to 30 for the detailed methodology The Index and NI interpretation applies to rounded-off numbers.* 



### Glossary



Key Terms	Definitions
Consumers	Respondents that have participated in the Consumer Confidence survey
Net Indicator (NI)	A composite score computed for each index parameter by assigning weights to responses received from consumers
Consumer Confidence Index (CCI - Overall)	This is an aggregate index used to determine overall optimism/ pessimism amongst consumers in Pakistan. The CCI is an average of the Current Consumer Confidence Index (CCI - Current) and Future Consumer Confidence Index (CCI - Future)
Current Consumer Confidence Index (CCI - Current)	An index that indicates consumer feedback about current economic conditions (vis-a-vis last 6 months) across four index parameters (Household Financial Situation, Country's Economic Conditions, Unemployment and Household Savings)
Future Consumer Confidence Index (CCI - Future)	An index that indicates consumer outlook for the next 6 months (compared to the month in which survey was conducted), across four index parameters (Household Financial Situation, Country's Economic Conditions, Unemployment and Household Savings)
Index Parameter	The individual constituent of each of the indices capturing the current or future economic condition. There are 4 parameters captured as part of the survey and have been explained in the methodology section of this report
Province	A province is an administrative territory which is governed by its own Government. In Pakistan, there are four provinces i.e., Balochistan, Punjab, Sindh and Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK)



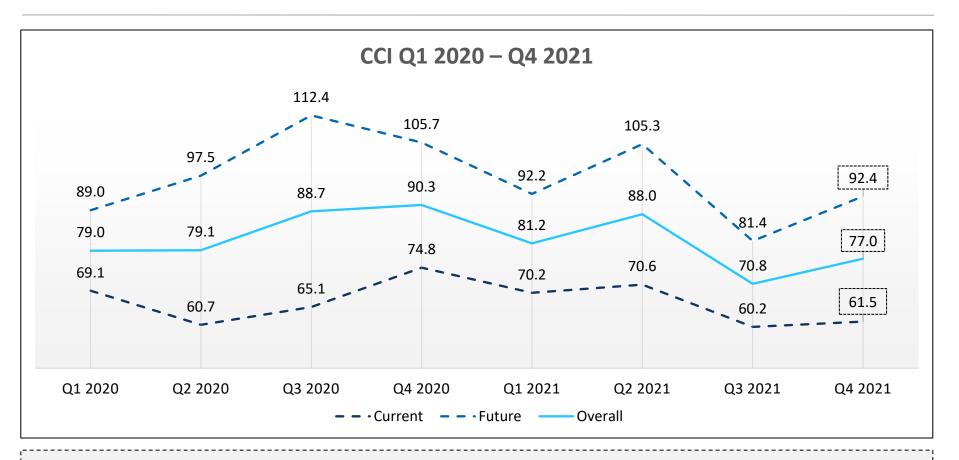
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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**



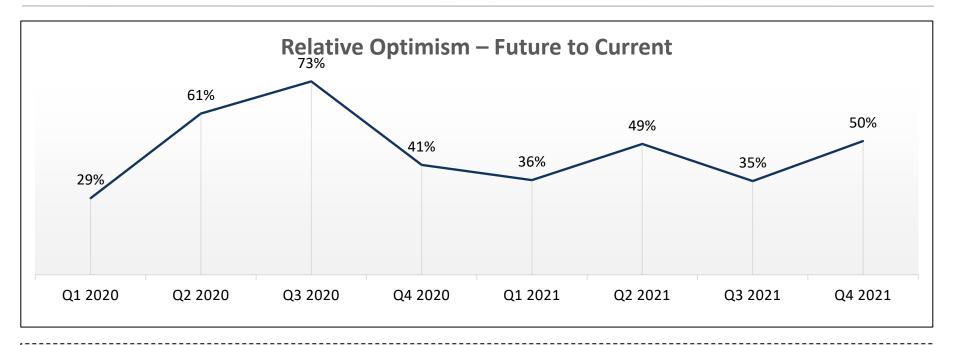
### Key Findings: Q4 2021 Survey

CCI increased by 8.8% Q-o-Q, after a sharp decline during last quarter.



The Overall CCI increased by 8.8% in Q4 2021 to 77.0, after a sharp decline in Q3 2021. The increase was primarily driven by improvement in future expectations as consumer demand increases, amidst people adapting to the 'new normal'. Current Situation has remained at par with previous quarter.

Over the past two years, consumers have been more optimistic about the future outlook vis-à-vis the current situation. The dispersion between current situation and future outlook in 2021 is relatively lower than that in 2020.



Over the past two years, consumers have consistently been more optimistic about the future outlook vis-à-vis the current situation; despite Covid-19 related economic downturns. The dispersion between current situation and future outlook in 2021 is relatively lower than that in 2020. Relative Optimism witnessed a high increase in Q2 2020 and peaked in Q3 2020 due to lifting of lockdown restrictions, spurring confidence regarding the future economic outlook. 2021 was relatively stable in terms of COVID-19 related restrictions owing to the advent of vaccination drive in Q2 2021.

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### **Key Findings: Q4 2021 Survey**

### The increase in CCI was driven primarily by improvement in Future Expectations



Q3 2021 Q4 2021

Consumer Confidence Index (CCI) increased Q-o-Q, indicating an improvement in sentiments, albeit remaining in the 'Pessimistic' zone.



Overall, Consumers reported a greater improvement in Future Expectations as compared to Current Situation.



Consumers indicated increase expected an in Household (16.3%) Q-o-Q), Saving greatest improvement across all parameters

Perceptions regarding Current Unemployment and Financial Situation deteriorated Q-o-Q (8.7% and 2.0% respectively)



Rising prices continue to be a concern for consumers (NI = 19.5), despite an improvement in sentiments Qo-Q (34.5%).

Index / Net Indicator (NI) Interpretation: Under 75 - extremely pessimistic, 75 to 99 - pessimistic, 100 - Neutral, 101 to 125 - optimistic and 125 above - extremely optimistic

# **CONSUMER CONFIDENCE INDEX**

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## Overall CCI increase in Q4 2021 primarily due to increase in consumer demand, amidst people adapting to the 'new normal'.



### Overall CCI increased due to improved Current Conditions

Overall CCI remained below 100, however, it increased to 90.3 in Q4. The increase was driven by improvement in current conditions (NI = 74.8) and subdued by decline in Future Expectations (NI = 105.7).



Overall CCI decreased primarily due to high inflation and PKR depreciation

Overall CCI decreased by 19.6% Q-o-Q to **70.8** in Q3 2021. This was likely due to declining future expectations and current situation sentiments, driven by declining macroeconomic indicators.



Overall CCI increased primarily due to improvement in Future Expectations

Overall CCI increased by 8.8% Q-o-Q to 77.0 in Q4 2021. The increase was primarily driven by improvement in future expectations as consumer demand increases, amidst people adapting to the 'new normal'

Survey conducted during:

Jan & Feb-22

Survey conducted during: Dec-20 Survey conducted during: Sep & Oct-21

Index / Net Indicator (NI) Interpretation: Under 75 - extremely pessimistic, 75 to 99 - pessimistic, 100 - Neutral, 101 to 125 - optimistic and 125 above - extremely optimistic

#### Report prepared by D&B Pakistan in collaboration with Gallup Pakistan



Consumers displayed relatively higher optimism regarding Future Expectations (NI = 92.4) compared to Current Situation (NI = 61.5).

### Key Takeaways



### pessimistic about the Future

Sentiments regarding Future Expectations improved more sharply by 13.6% Q-o-Q (**NI** = **92.4**) compared to a 2.3% increase in Current Situation (**NI** = **61.5**).



**Optimism regarding Future Financial Situation** Across all parameters, consumers were only optimistic regarding Future Financial Situation (**NI = 109.3**); increasing 14.1% Q-o-Q in Q4 2021.



Consumers remain concerned about rising Unemployment

Consumers were most concerned about rising Unemployment, across all parameters (NI = 55.3)



### Respondents expect savings to rise sharply

Overall, Household Savings displayed the greatest improvement in sentiments (16.3%). Perceptions of Future Household Savings were higher than Current.

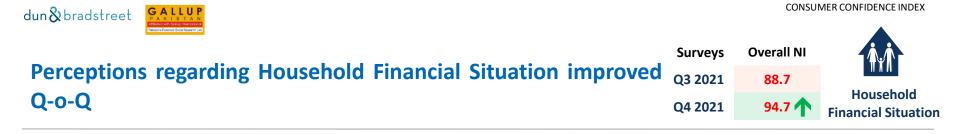
Index / Net Indicator (NI) Interpretation: Under 75 - extremely pessimistic, 75 to 99 - pessimistic, 100 - Neutral, 101 to 125 - optimistic and 125 above - extremely optimistic



### **Overall increase stemmed from improved perceptions regarding Household Savings, Household Financial Situation and Economic Situation Q-o-Q.**

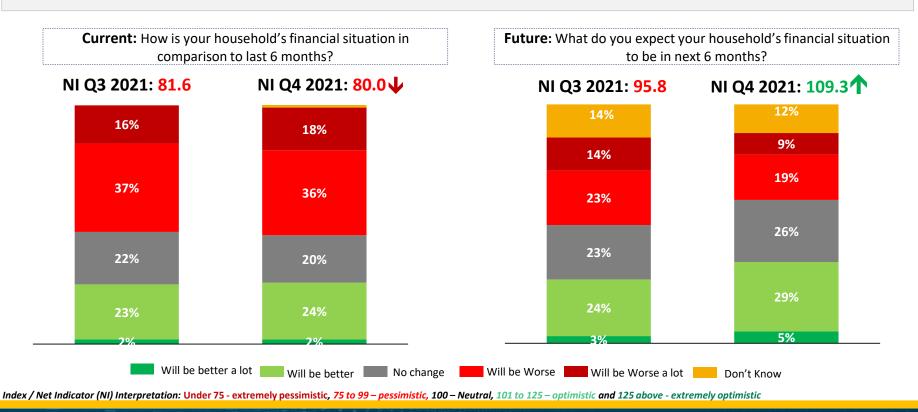
•	Household Financial Situation				Country's	Economic S	ituation
NI NI	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change		Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change
Overall	88.7	94.7 🕇	6.7%	Overall	73.9	80.7 🚺	9.2%
Current	81.6	80.0 🗸	-2.0%	Current	62.3	65.8 🛧	5.5%
Future	95.8	109.3 🛧	14.1%	Future	85.4	95.6 🛧	11.9%
<b>()</b>	Unem	ployment Sit	uation		Hou	sehold Savir	igs
NI	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change	S NI	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change
Overall	54.1	55.3 🕇	2.4%	Overall	66.4	77.2	16.3%
Current	41.5	37.9 🗸	-8.7%	Current	55.2	62.5 🛧	13.1%
	41.5	37.9 🗸	01770			•=••	

Index / Net Indicator (NI) Interpretation: Under 75 - extremely pessimistic, 75 to 99 - pessimistic, 100 - Neutral, 101 to 125 - optimistic and 125 above - extremely optimistic



Consumers are **optimistic** regarding **Future Household Financial Situation** (**NI = 109.3**) as future expectations **rose by 14.1% Q-o-Q** 

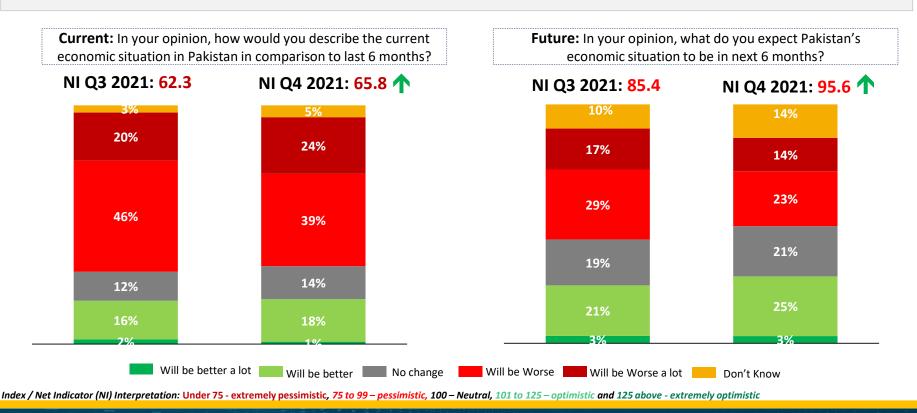
60% of the respondents indicated that their Household Financial Situation will improve or stay the same in Future (as compared to 50% in Q3 2021)





Sentiments regarding Country's Economic Situation improved primarily due to increase in **Future Expectations** by 11.9% Q-o-Q

**49%** expect **Country's Future Economic Situation to improve or remain the same** (14% increase Q-o-Q)

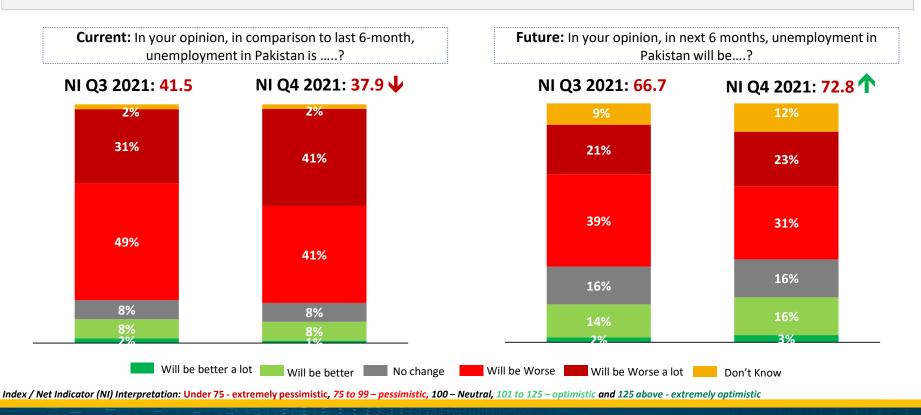




	Surveys	Overall NI	$\leftrightarrow$
Concerns regarding rising Unemployment persist in Q4 2021	Q3 2021	54.1	
	Q4 2021	55.3 🛧	Unemployment

Respondents indicated the **most concern regarding Unemployment Situation**, across all CCI parameters, despite improving Q-o-Q (2.4%)

Overall, **54% respondents** highlighted that **Unemployment will increase** in the next six months (down from 60% in Q3 2021)

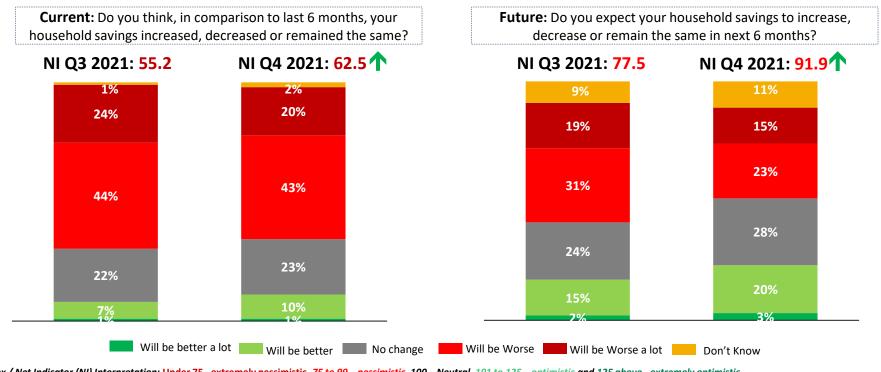






Sentiments regarding Household Savings improved the most Q-o-Q (16.3%) across all parameters, whilst remaining 'Extremely Pessimistic'.

**50% respondents** expect Household Savings **to increase or remain the same** in the next six months





### All provinces, barring Balochistan, indicated improvement in sentiments Q-o-Q

Punjab		Punjab		Sindh		Sindh	
n = 1617	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change	n = 497	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change
Overall	70.3	76.2	8.4%	Overall	69.1	80.6	16.6%
Current	59.5	60.7 🛧	2.0%	Current	58.9	65.1 🛧	10.5%
Future	81.1	91.7 🕇	13.0%	Future	79.4	96.0 🛧	20.9%
КРК		КРК		Balochistan	Balochistan		
n = 770	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change	n = 126	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change
Overall	74.7	79.4	6.3%	Overall	73.9	68.6	-7.2%
Current	64.2	61.7 🔱	-3.9%	Current	63.4	56.7 ↓	-10.6%
Future	85.2	97.1 🕇	14.0%	Future	84.3	80.4 🔱	-4.6%

Index / Net Indicator (NI) Interpretation: Under 75 - extremely pessimistic, 75 to 99 – pessimistic, 100 – Neutral, 101 to 125 – optimistic and 125 above - extremely optimistic. n represents the number of respondents from the province



# Consumers in both urban and rural areas are relatively less pessimistic in Q4 2021. Male respondents are less pessimistic than female respondents

		Urban		<b>n</b>		Male	
n = 1503	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change	n = 2219	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change
Overall	71.6	78.3	9.4%	Overall	71.3	79.3	11.2%
Current	60.8	62.5 🛧	2.8%	Current	61.2	64.0 🛧	4.6%
Future	82.5	94.1 个	14.1%	Future	81.5	94.5 个	16.0%
		Rural				Female	
n = 1507	Q3 2021	Rural Q4 2021	% Change	n = 791	Q3 2021	Female Q4 2021	% Change
n = 1507 NI Overall	Q3 2021 68.3		% Change 10.5%	n = 791 NI Overall	Q3 2021 67.7		% Change 5.0%
n = 1507	-	Q4 2021	-	n = 791		Q4 2021	-
n = 1507 Overall	68.3	Q4 2021	10.5%	n = 791 <b>Overall</b>	67.7	Q4 2021 71.1	5.0%

Index / Net Indicator (NI) Interpretation: Under 75 - extremely pessimistic, 75 to 99 - pessimistic, 100 - Neutral, 101 to 125 - optimistic and 125 above - extremely optimistic



# Consumers across all age groups are less pessimistic about the future; respondents below the age of 30 indicated least pessimism

	Below 30 yrs.		<b>.</b>	30 to 49 yrs.			
n = 1167 NI	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change	n = 1426 NI	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	% Change
Overall	77.6	82.0	5.7%	Overall	65.5	74.3	13.4%
Current	66.0	66.3 🛧	0.5%	Current	55.8	59.4 个	6.5%
Future	89.3	97.7 🕇	9.4%	Future	75.3	89.3 🕇	18.6%



Index / Net Indicator (NI) Interpretation: Under 75 - extremely pessimistic, 75 to 99 - pessimistic, 100 - Neutral, 101 to 125 - optimistic and 125 above - extremely optimistic

# PRICE SITUATION & HOUSEHOLD INCOME

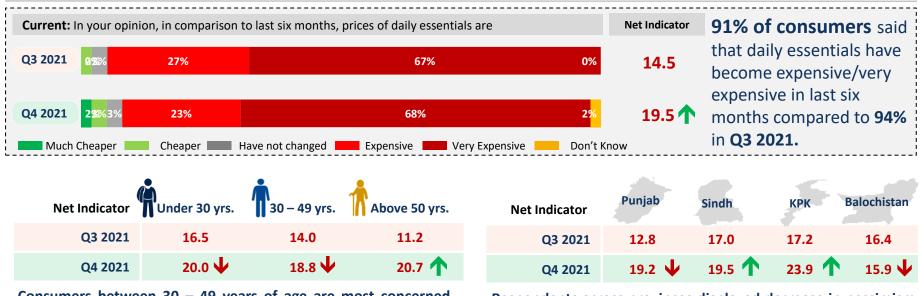
PRICE SITUATION



# Consumer sentiments for Price Situation improved by 5.0 points Q-o-Q (34.5%) in Q4 2021 (NI = 19.5)

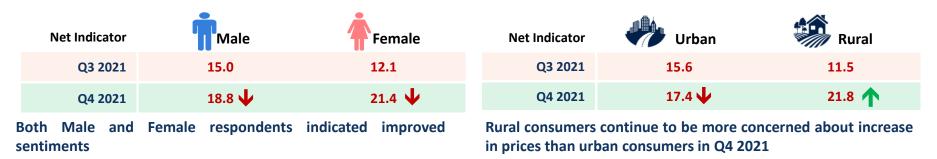


#### **Price Situation**



Consumers between 30 – 49 years of age are most concerned about rising prices of daily essentials in Q4 2021

Respondents across provinces displayed decrease in pessimism, barring those in Balochistan



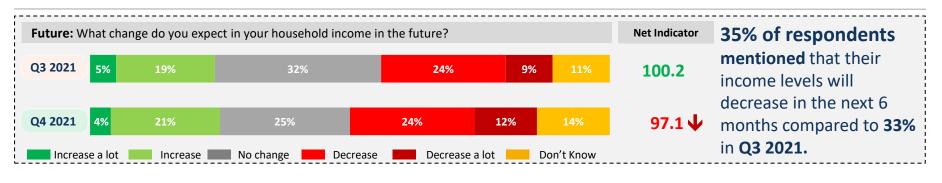
Survey Question Asked for Assessing Price Situation: In your opinion, in comparison to last six months, prices of daily essentials have...? i) Much cheaper, ii) Cheaper, iii) Have not changed, iv) Expensive, v) Very expensive, vi) Don't Know/ No Response

HOUSEHOLD INCOME



# Consumers turned pessimistic about Future Household Income in Q4 2021, compared to being optimistic in Q3 2021





Net Indicator	Under 30 yrs.	<b>3</b> 0 – 49 yrs.	Above 50 yrs.
Q3 2021	106.0	99.2	89.0
Q4 2021	104.1 🗸	92.7 🗸	92.0 🛧

 Net Indicator
 Punjab
 Sindh
 KPK
 Balochistan

 Q3 2021
 103.0
 94.9
 99.7
 94.5

 Q4 2021
 96.8 ↓
 101.2 ↑
 105.1 ↑
 75.4 ↓

Youth continue to be optimistic about Future Household Income, despite displaying relatively lower optimism (NI = 104.1) in Q4 2021.



Female respondents have entered into 'Pessimistic' zone concerning expectations for **Future Household Income** 

**Consumers in Punjab turned pessimistic** with respect to **Future Household Income**, while those in **Sindh and KPK expressed optimism in Q4 2021. Respondent sentiments** in **Balochistan further deteriorated by 20.2% Q-o-Q** in Q4 2021.

Net Indicator	Urban	Rural
Q3 2021	102.5	93.8
Q4 2021	99.0 🗸	94.9 🛧

**Urban consumers turned pessimistic** regarding future household income, while **Rural consumers remain pessimistic** 

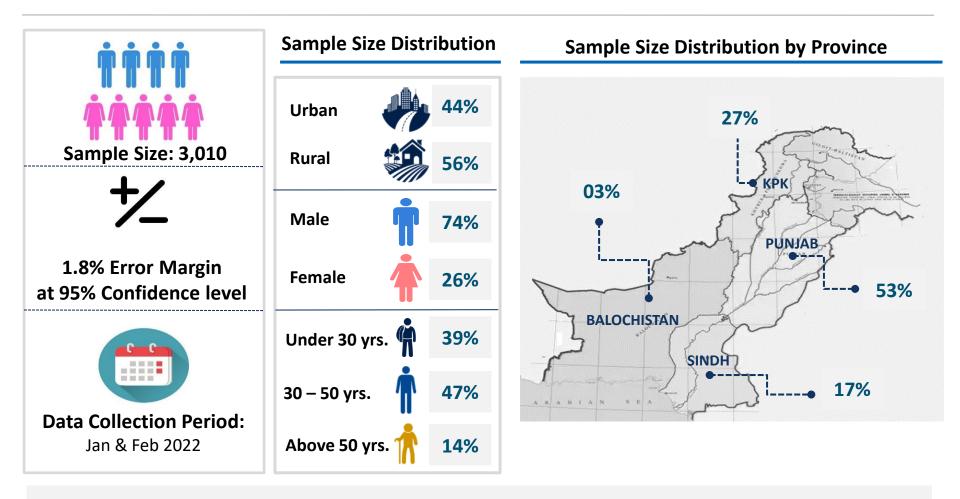
Survey Question Asked for Assessing Household Income Situation: what change do you expect in your household income in the future? i) Will increase a lot, ii) Will increase, iii) Will not change, iv) Will decrease, v) Will decrease a lot, vi) Don't Know/ No Response

# METHODOLOGY



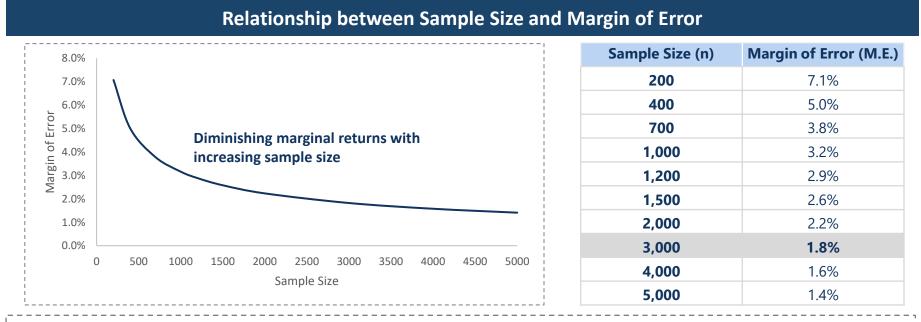
# **Q4 2021 Survey:** A telephonic survey was conducted among 3,010 respondents by a team of trained professionals from Gallup Pakistan





Sample size of 3,010 respondents result in a margin of error of 1.8%, hence the sample size is representative of population.

The margin of error decreases with increase in sample size but at a much lower pace. A sample size of 1,200 is statistically significant. However, our sample size of 3,010 is more than sufficient from the point of view of statistical accuracy



### **Observations:**

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- A four times increase in sample size (from 1,000 to 4,000) will reduce error margin by only 1.6% (from 3.2% to 1.6%).
- The most substantial decrease in margin of error is between samples sizes of 200 and 1,200
- The margin of error does not substantially decrease at sample sizes above 1,500 (since it is already below 3%).

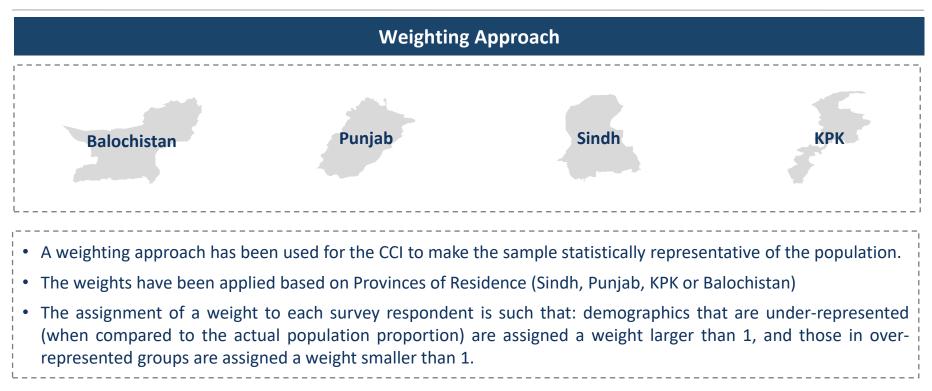
With Pakistan's population of ~220 Mn, a sample size of 1,200 results in a margin of error of 2.8%, which is below 3%, the accepted norm for statistical research accuracy. A Sample of 3,010 for this survey is sufficiently large to represent feedback from across the Nation.

### Note: For further details on statistical concepts see page 32



### This survey has been weighted using 'post-stratification weights'





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For estimating Net Indicator, weights have been assigned to each response asymmetrically to account for respondent's tendency to under-weigh positive responses



METHODOLOGY



Net indicator is a composite score computed for each index parameter by assigning weights to responses received from consumers. For each question asked during the survey, the respondent has six options as shown above.

Neutral responses (Same as before) are assigned a weight of 0.25 due to respondent's tendency to under-weigh positive responses.

Net Indicator is computed by taking a weighted average sum of the responses based on the weights indicated above. It is converted into an index by adding 100 to the weighted average score. The index will thus range from 0 to 200

Index / Net Indicator (NI) Interpretation: Under 75 - extremely pessimistic, 75 to 100 – pessimistic, 100 to 125 – optimistic and 125 & above - extremely optimistic

# APPENDIX

# A Sample is a collection of data from a subset of the population. Margin of Error determines the accuracy of estimation about population parameter from sample survey

Sample Survey Key Concepts					
Population, Sampling Frame and Sample	Margin of Error (ME)				
<ul> <li>Population: The entire group of individuals or objects that we wish to know something about</li> <li>Sample (n): Those individuals or objects who provide the data to be collected.</li> <li>Sampling Frame: It is a list of all those within a population who can be sampled. Having sampling frame</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>It measures the reliability of the percent or other estimate based on the survey data</li> <li>The margin of error depends directly on the square root of the size of the sample.</li> <li>Formula: ME = 1 / Vn</li> <li>Rule of Thumb: The larger the sample size (n) the smaller the margin of error; the size of the population does not affect the margin of error</li> </ul>				
close to population avoids selection bias.	Confidence Interval (CI)				
<ul> <li>Relationship between Population, Sampling Frame and</li> <li>Sample (Process of creating a sample)</li> <li>Want to know about a population</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>It is a probability that a parameter will fall between a pair of values around the mean.</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Only really have access to a sampling frame to draw an intended sample from</li> <li>Get observations only from the actual sample.</li> </ul>	<b>Formula:</b> $CI = \bar{x} \pm z * \sigma / (\sqrt{n})$ ( $\bar{x}$ = sample mean, z = confidence level value, $\sigma$ =sample standard deviation) <b>Observation:</b> Mostly constructed using confidence levels of 95% or 99%.				
If a survey is conducted using an unbiased methodolo accuracy of the survey at estim	gy, then the margin of error tells us directly about the nating a population parameter.				





This report has been developed to assess Consumer Confidence across Pakistan. Multiple stakeholders can use this report for strategic decision making.

The Consumer Confidence Index (CCI Index) is a globally recognized instrument that helps understand the sentiments and outlook of the common man.

The Consumer Confidence Survey measures the level of optimism that consumers have about household financial situation, country's economic condition, job prospects, personal finances and spending intentions<sup>1</sup>.

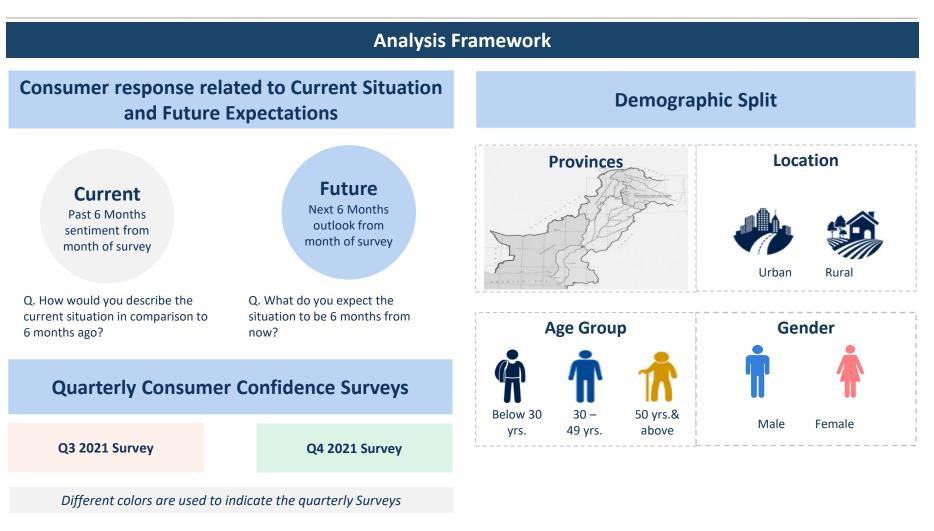
Thus, it would help multiple stakeholders to strengthen their research, develop their strategies, and thereby aid in the process of decision making.



This report compares changes in Consumer Confidence across two quarters; third quarter of 2021 (Q3 2021) and the current situation (Q4 2021)

	Q3 2021	Q4 2021
Number of Respondents	1,691	3,010
Time period of Survey	Sep & Oct-21	Jan & Feb-21
Mode of Survey Interviews	Telephonic	Telephonic

The Consumer Confidence Index report compares survey results, and assesses current & future consumer outlook for all key parameters across demographic segments



For each question asked during the survey, the respondents had multiple options: much better, better, same, worse, much worse and don't know



### In Q4 2021 Survey, 10 questions were asked on three topics



APPENDIX

	CONSUMER CONFIDENCE					
Parameters	Household Financial Situation	Country's Economic Condition	Unemployment	Household Savings		
Current	Q1. How is your household's financial situation in comparison to last 6 months?	Q3. In your opinion, how would you describe the current economic situation in Pakistan in comparison to last 6 months?	Q5. In your opinion, in comparison to last 6-month, unemployment in Pakistan is ?	Q7. Do you think, in comparison to last 6 months, your household savings increased, decreased or remained the same?		
Future	Q2. What do you expect your household's financial situation to be in next 6 months?	Q4. In your opinion, what do you expect Pakistan's economic situation to be in next 6 months?	Q6. In your opinion, in next 6 months, unemployment in Pakistan will be?	Q8. Do you expect your household savings to increase, decrease or remain the same in next 6 months?		
		PRI	CES			
Parameters	Outlook on food prices					
Current	Q9. In your opinion, in comparison to last six months, prices of daily essentials has?					
	HOUSEHOLD INCOME					
Parameters	Outlook on Household Income					

Future Q10. What change do you expect in your household income in the future?

In Q4 2021 Survey, number of questions were reduced to manage the survey process effectively through telephonic calls, abiding by all the COVID-19 restrictions.

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